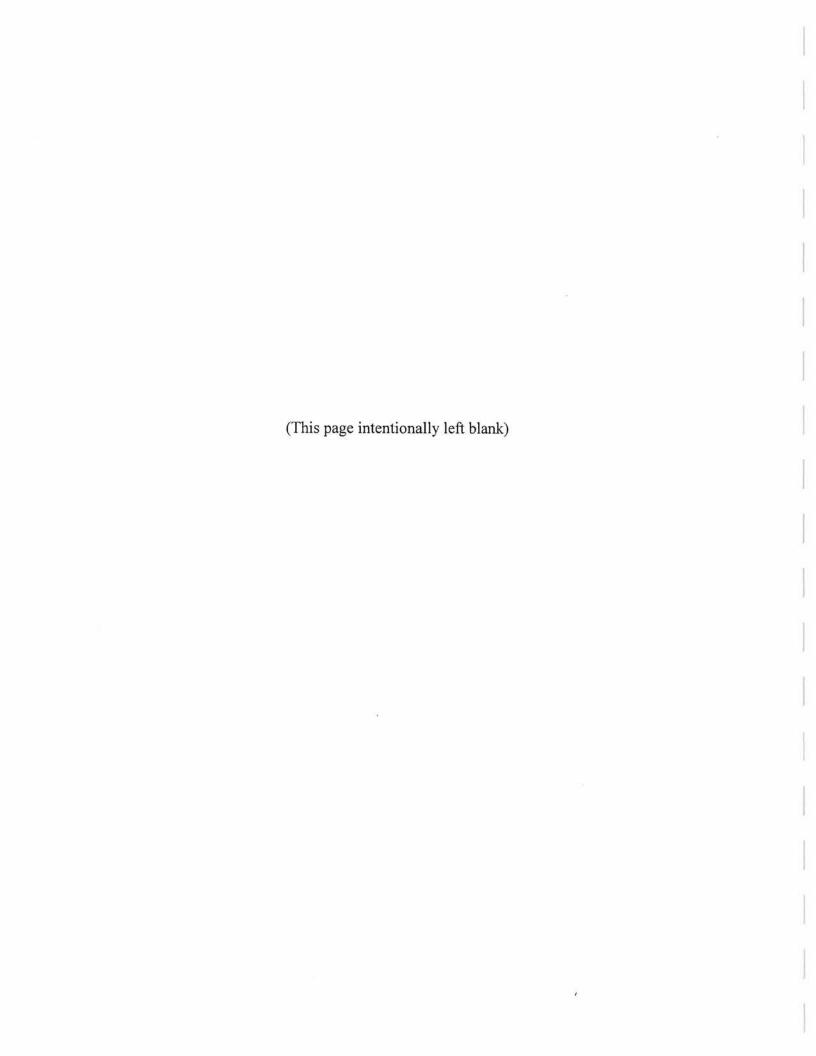
CITY OF LAGUNA WOODS Laguna Woods, California

Basic Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

Year ended June 30, 2008



Basic Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

Year ended June 30, 2008

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Basic Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

Year ended June 30, 2008

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Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Laguna Woods Laguna Woods, California

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Laguna Woods, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the City of Laguna Woods. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Laguna Woods, California, as of June 30, 2008, and the changes in financial position of the City of Laguna Woods, California for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The information identified in the accompanying table of contents as management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.



Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Laguna Woods Laguna Woods, California Page Two

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Laguna Woods, California's basic financial statements. The supplementary schedules identified in the accompanying table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City of Laguna Woods, California. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated June 30, 2009 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Mayer Hoffman Mc Cam P.C.

Irvine, California June 30, 2009 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis of the City of Laguna Woods' financial statements provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2008. This document should be read in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter and basic financial statements. Please note that this is the fifth year the City of Laguna Woods has used this reporting format. The City remains in full compliance with GASB 34 requirements and GAAP standards for reporting financial information.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City ended Fiscal Year 2007-2008 with total net assets of \$25,301,564, including capital assets.
- During the year, the City's taxes and other revenues exceeded expenditures by \$1,702,917.
- The total revenue from all sources equaled \$7,367,371.
- The total expenses from all sources equaled \$5,664,454.
- The General Fund reported ending fund balance of \$14,419,641 and excess revenues over expenditures of \$905,018.
- The Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund reported ending fund balance of \$667,053 and excess expenditures over revenues of (\$158,487).
- The Measure M Special Revenue Fund reported ending fund balance of (\$255,978) and excess expenditures over revenues of (\$10,833).

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole. Fund Financial Statements illustrate how City services were financed, as well as, what remains for future spending. Fund Financial Statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds.

Reporting the City as a Whole: The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is "Is the City as a whole better or worse off as a result of this year's activities?". The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps to answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting

method used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net assets and changes in these net assets. The City's net assets, the difference between assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the City's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. We are pleased to report that the City's net assets increased during Fiscal Year 2007-2008 despite significant fiscal challenges. This is the second year that Motor Vehicle in Lieu and Fuel Tax revenues were adjusted to the City's estimated population rather than three times the number of registered voters. Consideration should also be given to other non-financial factors, such as changes in the City's property tax bases and the condition of the City's roads, to assess the overall health of the City.

The City's basic services fall into the category of governmental activities. Governmental activities are activities generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities present information about governmental activities, including General Government, Community Development, Public Safety, Public Works and Community Services. Property Tax, Sales Tax, Transient Occupancy Tax, Franchise Tax, Vehicle Code fines, Gas Tax, and Measure M funds finance approximately 90% of all governmental activities.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds: Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the City as a whole. Included are the General Fund and the Gas Tax and Measure M Special Revenue Funds, which were classified as major funds. Lesser funds are reported collectively as Other Governmental Funds. Some funds are required to be established by State law, however, the City establishes many other funds to help control and manage money for specific purposes or to demonstrate compliance with legal requirements for using certain taxes, grants, and other monies. The City currently has only governmental funds.

Governmental Funds focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for future appropriation. Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These funds are reported using the modified accrual accounting method. Under this method, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current fiscal period while expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred. There are five different types of governmental funds: the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds, and permanent funds. Currently, the City only has a general fund and special revenues funds.

The Governmental Fund statements provide a detailed view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be

spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The relationship (or difference) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities) and Governmental Funds are described in the reconciliation after the fund financial statements.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The analysis focuses on the net assets (Table 1) and changes in net assets (Table 2) of the City's governmental activities.

Table 1 Net Assets

Governmental Activities

Cash and investments Capital assets, net Other Receivables and Assets	2008 \$11,861,287 9,054,330 5,061,089	2007 10,712,184 8,651,256 4,957,981
Total Assets	25,976,706	24,321,421
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Long-term liabilities	531,924 143,218	598,561 124,213
Total Liabilities	675,142	722,774
Invested in capital assets, net of		
accumulated depreciation	9,054,330	8,651,256
Restricted	615,239	923,518
Unrestricted	15,631,995	14,023,873
Total net Assets	<u>\$25,301,564</u>	23,598,647

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets

Government and Business Type Activities					
	2008				
Revenues					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 949,301	815,035			
Operating contributions and grants	2,008,063	1,654,306			
Capital contributions and grants	100,002	114,716			
capital commonate and grants					
Total program revenues	3,057,366	2,584,057			
General revenues:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	319,982	253,529			
Sales taxes	1,072,091	1,109,456			
Motor vehicle in lieu tax	1,598,158	1,623,484			
Franchise taxes	388,054	370,815			
Transient occupancy taxes	457,607	443,860			
Investment income	467,198	482,589			
Other	6,915	40,790			
Total general revenues	4,310,005	4,324,523			
Total revenues	7,367,371	6,908,580			
Expenses					
Governmental activities:					
General government	1,822,451	1,736,278			
Public safety	1,562,790	1,541,013			
Public works	1,230,035	2,048,856			
Community development	817,237	609,066			
Community services	231,941	170,226			
Total expenses	5,664,454	6,105,439			
Increase/(Decrease) in net assets	\$ 1,702,917	803,141			
inci case (Deci case) in net assets	<u> </u>	003,171			

- Current and other assets were \$16,922,376 as of year end, an increase of 8% over the prior year.
- Unrestricted net assets, the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations within Fund-specific guidelines are \$15,631,995, an increase of 11% over the prior year.

- The City's total program and general revenues were \$3,057,366 and \$4,310,005 respectively, totaling \$7,367,371 while the total cost of all programs and services was \$5,664,454.
- State Motor Vehicle-in-Lieu fees of \$1,598,158 are the City's largest revenue source at 23%. These revenues fund a significant portion of the City's basic services.
- Sales Tax of \$1,072,091 is the City's second largest revenue source at 16%.

Government Activities

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the City's governmental activity programs, General Government, Community Development (planning and building), Public Safety, Community Services and Public Works, as well as, each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental and Business-type Activities

	2	008	2007			
	Total Cost Net Cost		Total Cost	Net Cost		
	of Services	of Services	of Services	of Services		
General Government	\$1,822,451	(1,689,981)	1,736,278	(1,585,877)		
Public Safety	1,562,790	(1,036,640)	1,541,013	(1,034,225)		
Public Works	1,230,035	465,531	(784,006)	3 00 5 K		
Community Development	817,237	(617,000)	609,066	(448,277)		
Community Services	231,941	271,002	<u>170,226</u>	331,003		
Total	\$5,664,454	(2,607,088)	6,105,439	(3,521,382)		

- General Government expenses comprise 32% of the governmental expenditures, compared to 28% in the prior year, and includes City Council, City Manager, City Clerk, City Attorney, Administrative Services, Support Services, and Risk Management. Charges for services reduce the cost of this program.
- Public Safety expenses comprise 28% of the governmental expenses compared to 26% in the prior year. Revenue from fines and Federal and State operating grants reduce the cost of this program.
- Public Works expenses, including capital projects, comprise 22% of the governmental expenses, compared to 34% in the prior year. Operating contributions and grants help to reduce the cost of these expenses.

- Community Development expenses comprise 15% of the governmental expenses, compared to 10% in the prior year. Various building and planning fee revenues reduce the cost of this program.
- Community Services expenses comprise 4% of the governmental expenditures, compared to 3% in the prior year. Charges for special events and the use of City facilities help to offset these expenditures.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

At fiscal year-end the City's Governmental Funds reported a combined fund balance of \$15,371,819, an increase of \$816,334 or 6% over the prior year fund balance. \$14,419,641 and \$667,053 of this fund balance is in the General Fund and the Gas Tax Fund, respectively. The City's General Fund Balance equates to about 200% of one full year of expenditures. Future fund balance levels are as yet undetermined.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights:

Revenues: Actual revenues were \$53,848 or 1% less than budgeted primarily due to the uncertainty of motor vehicle in lieu funding from the state in the City's ninth year, in which its population is estimated by the state department of finance rather than at three times the number of registered voters. Correspondingly, Property Tax, Transient Occupancy Tax, and Investment Income were higher than projected.

Expenditures: Actual expenditures were \$178,194 or 5% less than budgeted primarily due to allocation of funds for capital projects that were largely unspent in this fiscal year and changes to some budgeted programs that achieved cost savings.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The capital assets for governmental activities totaled \$9,054,330 at year-end primarily consisting of the City's land and infrastructure assets. During the fiscal year, the City had \$446,407 of depreciation expense on capital assets which increased accumulated depreciation to \$1,783,841 as of fiscal year end. The capital asset detail is as follows:

Table 4a
Capital Assets at Year-End
(Net of Depreciation)
Governmental Activities

Covernmentar 11		
	2008	2007
Land	\$3,050,000	3,050,000
Leasehold improvements	692,888	692,888
Equipment and furniture	173,700	151,899
Infrastructure	6,921,583	6,093,903
Less accumulated depreciation	_(1,783,841)	(1,337,434)
Total net capital assets	\$9,054,330	8,651,256

Debt

The City of Laguna Woods currently has no debt obligations. However, compensated absences are classified as long-term liabilities and totaled \$143,218, as of fiscal year end.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The City's primary revenue sources are all potentially affected by economic factors, legislative action or state law. This is the second year after the initial seven years since the City's incorporation during which population was estimated at three times number of registered voters. This inflated population was used to calculate state apportionments for the Motor Vehicle-in-Lieu Fee and Fuel Tax. These revenues were adjusted to actual population in this fiscal year, as was Supplemental Property Tax in lieu of Motor Vehiclein-Lieu Fees, which will continue to be a significant revenue source in future years. Sales taxes are currently performing below expectations and this situation is likely to continue due to consumer economic uncertainty. Property Tax is projected to meet budget projections due to somewhat higher market valuations that will likely be offset by a reduction in sales activity. The City's Transient Occupancy Tax is reliant on business activity and will be affected by an economic downturn, as will Interest earnings. Franchise taxes, which are less affected by general economic activity, remain a relatively stable source of revenue. Motor vehicle fines from implementation of red light photo enforcement at two intersections, Moulton Parkway at El Toro Road and Moulton Parkway at Gate 12, are expected to continue the slide in revenues since the start of the program in September 2005, but program costs will be reduced to match these lower revenues.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide Laguna Woods citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City of Laguna Woods, Administrative Services Department, 24264 El Toro Road, Laguna Woods, California 92637 or call (949) 639-0500.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2008

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Cash and investments (note 2)	11,861,287
Accounts receivable	80,188
Due from other governments	1,320,222
Deposits (note 4)	3,660,679
Capital assets (note 5):	
Capital assets not being depreciated	3,050,000
Capital assets being depreciated,	
net of accumulated depreciation	6,004,330
Total assets	25,976,706
and a mea	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	517,445
Accrued expenses	14,479
Long-term liabilities (notes 6):	
Portion due within one year:	
Compensated absences	25,171
Portion due beyond one year:	
Compensated absences	118,047
Total liabilities	675,142
Net assets:	
Invested in capital assets	9,054,330
Restricted for:	
Community development	401,687
Public safety	97,253
Public works	46,017
Community services	70,282
Unrestricted	15,631,995
Total net assets	\$ 25,301,564

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2008

		·			
			Operating	Capital	Net
	-	Charges for	Contributions	Contributions	Governmental
	Expenses	Services	and Grants	and Grants	Activities
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 1,822,451	132,470	_	2	(1,689,981)
Community		15.75			(1,009,901)
development	817,237	_	200,237	_	(617,000)
Public safety	1,562,790	425,158	990	100,002	(1,036,640)
Public works	1,230,035	*	1,695,566	-	465,531
Community services	231,941	391,673	111,270	-	271,002
					271,002
Total					
governmental					
activities	\$ 5,664,454	949,301	2,008,063	100,002	(2,607,088)
			.=11,12-12-12-13-13-13-13-13-13-13-13-13-13-13-13-13-		
General reve	nues:		40		
Taxes:					
	rty taxes				319,982
Sales					1,072,091
	ent occupancy ta	axes			457,607
	nise taxes	ep			388,054
	notor vehicle in	lieu, unrestricte	ed '		1,598,158
Investmen	t income				467,198
Other					6,915
 1	manar manari 🕊 ar				
Total	general revenues			,	4,310,005
Chang	e in net assets				1,702,917
Net assets at	beginning of yea	ır			23,598,647
Net assets at	end of year				\$ 25,301,564

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2008

	<u></u>	Special Rev	enue Funds		
				Other	
				Governmental	
	General	Gas Tax	Measure M	Funds	Totals
Assets		\$150 BY 12 YEAR			
Cash and investments (note 2)	\$ 10,109,666	416,283	8	1,335,338	11,861,287
Receivables:	70.001	207		Vraviar Visco	antanamia anamana
Accounts	79,291	387	2 (20	507	80,185
Due from other funds (note 3)	708,215	68,469	3,639	21,245	801,568
Due from other governments	155,529	390,276	611,144	163,274	1,320,223
Deposits (note 4)	3,660,679			:	3,660,679
Total assets	\$ 14,713,380	875,415	614,783	1,520,364	17,723,941
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:	e 261.260	75 962	60.224	110.070	51m 445
Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits	\$ 261,369	75,863	60,234	119,979	517,445
Due to other funds (note 3)	14,222 18,148	122 400	262.027	257	14,479
Deferred revenue	10,140	132,499	263,037	387,884	801,568
Deterred revenue	A		547,490	471,141	1,018,631
Total liabilities	293,739	208,362	870,761	979,261	2,352,122
Fund balances (deficits):					
Reserved for:					
Deposits	3,660,679	-	-	12	3,660,679
Contingent liabilities	500,000	9 .7 5	-	0-	500,000
Unreserved:					
Undesignated, reported in:					
General fund	9,959,588	(4)	:=		9,959,588
Special revenue funds	.; 4 0	667,053	(255,978)	541,103	952,178
Designated for capital projects,					
reported in:					
General fund	299,374	-		· ·	299,374
Total fund balances (deficit)	14,419,641	667,053	_(255,978)	541,103	15,371,819
Total liabilities and					
fund balances	\$ 14,713,380	875,415	614,783	1,520,364	17,723,941

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

CITY OF LAGUNA WOODS Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2008

Fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 15,371,819
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:	
Capital assets net of depreciation have not been included as financial resources in governmental fund activity.	
Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation	10,838,172 (1,783,842)
Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as governmental fund liabilities. All liabilities (both current and long-term) are reported in the Statement of Net Assets.	
Compensated absences	(143,218)
Some of the revenue will be collected after year-end, but is not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore is reported as deferred revenue in the governmental funds.	1,018,633
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 25,301,564

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2008

Special Revenue Funds

					Other	
					Governmental	
		General	Gas Tax	Measure M	Funds	Totals
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	777,590	333,805	_	420	1,111,395
Intergovernmental		2,665,189	Section 1 of carried Section 2.2 calculations	559,331	975,116	4,199,636
Franchise fees		393,239	: -	⊕	-	393,239
Licenses and permits		368,440		-	(= 2	368,440
Charges for services		40,890		-	5,000	45,890
Fines and forfeitures		287,923	-	-	-	287,923
Investment income		432,986	9,687	=	8,934	451,607
Miscellaneous		6,727			-,	6,727
Total revenues		4,972,984	343,492	559,331	989,050	6,864,857
Total Tevenaes	-	1,272,201	3 13, 172			
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		1,363,726	-	=);	<u> </u>	1,363,726
Public safety		1,455,886	-	-:	122,018	1,577,904
Public works		445,621	501,979	570,164	539,951	2,057,715
Community development		592,359	-	24) (224,878	817,237
Community services		210,374		4 7/	21,567	231,941
Total expenditures		4,067,966	501,979	570,164	908,414	6,048,523
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		905,018	(158,487)	(10,833)	80,636	816,334
over (under) expenditures						
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in (note 3)		2,606	24,363	_	466,949	493,918
Transfers out (note 3)		(466,949)	- 1,505	_	(26,969)	(493,918)
Transfers out (note 3)		(100,515)	***************************************		(20,707)	(493,918)
Total other financing sources						
and (uses)	,	(464,343)	24,363		439,980	
Net change in fund balances		440,675	(134,124)	(10,833)	520,616	816,334
Fund balances (deficit),						
beginning of year	_	13,978,966	801,177	(245,145)	20,487	14,555,485
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	<u>\$</u>	14,419,641	667,053	(255,978)	541,104	15,371,819

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

CITY OF LAGUNA WOODS Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2008

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 816,334

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. As a result, fund balance decreases by the amount of financial resources expended, whereas net assets decreased by the amount of depreciation expense charged for the year, net of disposals.

charged for the year, het of disposals.	
Cost of capital assets	849,481
Depreciation expense	(446,407)
Changes in compensated absences payable is an expenditure in the	
governmental funds, but the expenditure reduces long-term liabilities	
in the statement of net assets.	(19,004)
Some of the revenue will be collected after year-end, but is not available	
soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore is reported as deferred revenue in the governmental funds.	502,513
Changes in claims payable is an expenditure in the governmental funds,	
but the expenditure reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	3 -3 -3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-3-
Changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 1,702,917

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2008

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the City of Laguna Woods conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

(a) Reporting Entity

The City of Laguna Woods was incorporated March 24, 1999 under the laws of the State of California and enjoys all rights and privileges pertaining to "General Law" cities. The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government and currently provides the following services as authorized by its general laws: public safety, public works, community development, community services and general administrative services.

(b) Basis of Accounting, Measurement Focus and Financial Statement Presentation

The basic financial statements of the City are composed of the following:

- a. Government-wide financial statements
- b. Fund financial statements
- c. Notes to the basic financial statements

Financial reporting is based upon all GASB pronouncements, as well as the FASB Statements and Interpretations, APB Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins that were issued on or before November 30, 1989 that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include a single column for the governmental activities of the primary government and its blended component unit. The City of Laguna Woods has no business-type activities and no discretely presented component units. Eliminations have been made in the Statement of Activities so that certain allocated expenses are recorded only once (by the function to which they were allocated). However, general government expenses have not been allocated as indirect expenses to the various functions of the City.

Government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(Continued)

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(b) <u>Basis of Accounting, Measurement Focus and Financial Statement Presentation, (Continued)</u>

Under the economic resources measurement focus, all (both current and long-term) economic resources and obligations of the reporting government are reported in the government-wide financial statements. *Basis of accounting* refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Program revenues include charges for services, special assessments, and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the Statement of Activities, to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the City is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually and non-major funds in the aggregate for governmental funds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(Continued)

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(b) <u>Basis of Accounting, Measurement Focus and Financial Statement Presentation, (Continued)</u>

Governmental Funds

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the modified-accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Measurable means that the amounts can be estimated, or otherwise determined. Available means that the amounts were collected during the reporting period or soon enough thereafter to be available to finance the expenditures accrued for the reporting period. The City uses an availability period of 60 days, except for motor vehicle in lieu which has a 30 day availability period. Sales taxes, property taxes, franchise taxes, gas taxes, motor vehicle in lieu, transient occupancy taxes, grants and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period to the extent normally collected within the availability period. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available where cash is received by the government.

Revenue recognition is subject to the *measurable* and *availability* criteria for the governmental funds in the fund financial statements. Exchange transactions are recognized as revenues in the period in which they are earned (i.e., the related goods or services are provided). Locally imposed derived tax revenues are recognized as revenues in the period in which the underlying exchange transaction upon which they are based takes place. Imposed non-exchange transactions are recognized as revenues in the period for which they were imposed. If the period of use is not specified, they are recognized as revenues when an enforceable legal claim to the revenues arises or when they are received, whichever occurs first. Government-mandated and voluntary non-exchange transactions are recognized as revenues when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met. Revenues, expenditures, assets, and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33 which requires that local governments defer grant revenue that is not received within their availability period of 60 days after the fiscal year ends to meet the "available" criteria of revenue recognition.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. The reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources."

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(Continued)

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(b) <u>Basis of Accounting, Measurement Focus and Financial Statement Presentation, (Continued)</u>

Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Non-current portions of long-term receivables due to governmental funds are reported on their balance sheets in spite of their spending measurement focus. Special reporting treatments are used to indicate, however, that they should not be considered "available spendable resources," since they do not represent net current assets.

Recognition of governmental fund type revenue represented by non-current receivables are deferred until they become current receivables. Non-current portions of other long-term receivables are offset by fund balance reserve accounts.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as *expenditures* in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as an *other financing source* rather than as a fund liability. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as fund expenditures.

(c) Fund Classifications

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. The General Fund accounts for activities and services traditionally associated with governments such as police, which are financed primarily through tax-generated revenues and not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(Continued)

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(c) Fund Classifications, (Continued)

Gas Tax Fund

The Gas Tax fund is used to account for the City's share of the motor vehicle gas tax imposed under the provisions of the Street and Highway Code of the State of California under Sections 2105, 2106, 2107 and 2107.5 which are legally restricted for the acquisition, construction, improvement and maintenance of public streets.

Measure M Fund

The Measure M fund is used to account for the operations of the street and maintenance projects of the public works department. Financing is provided by the City's share of County Measure M funds.

(d) Cash and Investments

Investments are reported in the accompanying statement of net assets at fair value. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as *investment income* reported for that fiscal year. *Investment income* includes interest earnings and changes in fair value. The City pools cash and investments of all funds. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as *cash and investments*. Investment income earned by the pooled investments is allocated to the various funds based on each fund's average cash and investment balance, except for investment income associated with funds not legally required to receive pooled investment income which has been assigned to and recorded as revenue of the general fund, as provided by California Government Code Section 53647.

(e) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets (including infrastructure) are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated original cost where no historical records exist. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value at the date of the contribution. Generally, capital asset purchases in excess of \$5,000 are capitalized if they have an expected useful life of three years or more.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(Continued)

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(e) <u>Capital Assets, (Continued)</u>

It is the policy of the City to capitalize infrastructure projects in excess of \$100,000 if they constitute infrastructure and have extended the useful life of the assets by 20 years or longer.

Capital assets include public domain (infrastructure) general capital assets consisting of certain improvements including roads, streets, sidewalks, medians, and storm drains.

The City uses the straight-line method in the government-wide financial statements for depreciating storm drains, park equipment, buildings, vehicles, equipment and furniture and leasehold improvements. Depreciation is charged as an expense against operations and accumulated depreciation is reported on the respective statement of net assets. The range of lives used for depreciation purposes for each capital asset class are as follows:

<u>Item</u>	Useful Life 8-9 years 5 years 20 years	
Leasehold improvements Equipment and furniture Infrastructure		

(f) <u>Due from Other Governments</u>

The amounts recorded as a receivable due from other governments include sales taxes, gas taxes, Measure M revenue, reimbursement grant revenues and other revenues collected or provided by Federal, State, County and City governments that were unremitted to the City as of June 30, 2008. The County of Orange assesses, bills, and collects property taxes for the City.

(g) <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Permanent, full-time City employees earn 20-25 paid leave days a year, which includes vacation and sick time. The City accounts for compensated absences in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16. In governmental funds, compensated absences are recorded as expenditures in the year paid, and it is the City's policy to liquidate any unpaid vacation or sick leave at June 30 from future resources rather than currently available expendable resources.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(Continued)

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(h) <u>Claims and Judgments</u>

The City records a liability for material litigation, judgments, and claims (including incurred but not reported losses) when it is probable that an asset has been significantly impaired or a material liability has been incurred prior to year end and the probable amount of loss (net of any insurance coverage) can be reasonably estimated.

(i) <u>Property Taxes</u>

Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by the counties up to 1% of assessed value, plus other increases approved by the voters. The property taxes go into a pool, and are then allocated to the cities based on complex formulas. Accordingly, the City of Laguna Woods recognizes as revenue only those taxes which are received within 60 days after year end.

The property tax calendar is as follows:

Lien Date: Levy Date: January 1 July 1

Due Date:

First Installment – November 1

Delinquent Date:

Second Installment – February 1 First Installment – December 11

Second Installment – April 11

Taxes are collected by the County of Orange and are remitted to the City periodically. Dates and percentages are as follows:

December January April May July 30% advance Collection No. 1 10% advance Collection No. 2 Collection No. 3

(j) <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses, during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(Continued)

(2) Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2008 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Assets:

Cash and investments

\$11,861,287

Cash and investments held by the City at June 30, 2007 consisted of the following:

Petty cash	\$	106
Demand deposits	971,027	
State Treasurer's Investment Pool (LAIF)		390,154
Total cash and investments held by City	\$11,8	361,287

The City is generally authorized under Section 53601 of the Government Code and the City's investment policy to invest in: FDIC insured accounts and the Local Agency Investment Fund of the State of California.

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City of Laguna Woods' Investment Policy

Allowable investment instruments are defined in the California Government Code Section 53600, et. seq., as amended. If the Code is further revised to allow additional investments or is changed regarding the limits on certain categories of investments, the City is authorized to conform to these changes, excluding those changes that may be prohibited by this policy. Where the Government Code specifies a percentage limitation for a particular category of investments, that percentage is applicable only at the date of purchase.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(Continued)

(2) Cash and Investments, (Continued)

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code and the City's investment policy. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, if more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Investment Types Authorized by State Law	Authorized By Investment Policy	*Maximum <u>Maturity</u>	*Maximum Percentage Of Portfolio	*Maximum Investment In One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds	No	5 years	None	5%
U.S. Treasury Obligations	Yes	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	Yes	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	No	180 days	40%	5%
Commercial Paper	No	180 days	15%	5%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	No	5 years	30%	5%
Repurchase Agreements	No	1 year	None	5%
Reverse Repurchase			20% of base	
Agreements	No	92 days	value	5%
Medium-Term Notes	No	5 years	30%	5%
Mutual Funds	No	N/A	20%	5%
Money Market Mutual Funds	No	N/A	20%	5%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	No	5 years	20%	5%
County Pooled Investment Funds	No	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund				
(LAIF)	Yes	N/A	None	None
JPA Pools (other investment				
pools)	No	N/A	None	None

^{*} Based on state law requirements or investment policy requirements, whichever is more restrictive.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(Continued)

(2) Cash and Investments, (Continued)

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

As of June 30, 2008, the City of Laguna Woods had no investments from debt proceeds held by bond trustees.

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

	Remaining Maturity (in Months)						
Investment Type	12 Months Or Less	13 to 24 Months	25-60 <u>Months</u>	More Than 60 Months	<u>Total</u>		
State investment pool	\$10,890,154			<u> </u>	10,890,154		
Total	\$10,890,154				10,890,154		

Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the City of Laguna Woods did not hold any investments that were highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations (to a greater degree than already indicated in the information provided above).

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(Continued)

(2) Cash and Investments, (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City of Laguna Woods' investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year end for each investment type.

		Rati	Rating as of Year End			
Investment Type	Minimum Legal <u>Rating</u>	Exempt From <u>Disclosure</u>	AAA	<u>Aa</u>	Not <u>Rated</u>	
State investment pool	\$10,890,154	N/A			10,890,154	
Total	\$10,890,154				10,890,154	

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the City of Laguna Woods did not hold any investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total City investments.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(Continued)

(2) Cash and Investments, (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City of Laguna Woods deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. As of June 30, 2008, the City of Laguna Woods did not have any deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits that were held in uncollateralized accounts.

Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City of Laguna Woods' investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City of Laguna Woods' pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. LAIF is not rated.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(Continued)

(3) Interfund Transactions

Due to/due from other funds:

Current interfund receivables and payables balances at June 30, 2008 are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Measure M	\$221,163 (a)
	Gas Tax	107,615 (a)
	Non-major Governmental Funds	379,437 (a)
	Total General Fund	708,215
Gas Tax	Non-major Governmental Funds	68,469 (a)
Measure M		3,639 (a)
Non-Major Governmental Funds	•	21,245 (a)
	Total Interfund Receivables and Payables	\$801,568

(a) The amounts owed represent short-term borrowings to manage cash flows.

Interfund Transfers

For the year ended June 30, 2008, interfund transfers were as follows:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	<u>Amount</u>	
Non-major Governmental Funds	General Fund	\$466,949 (a)	
General Fund Gas Tax Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds Non-major Governmental Funds	2,606 (b) 24,363 (c)	
	Total Interfund Transfers	\$493,918	

Significant interfund transfers were primarily to: (a) move park development fees and interest to a separate fund (\$466,949); (b) to close inactive fund; (c) to reclassify project expenditures.

(4) Deposits

On August 12, 2005, the City deposited with the Treasurer of the County of Orange the sum of Two Million Six Hundred Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$2,660,000), pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure Sections 1255.010(a) and 1255.070, for the acquisition of the City Hall site through eminent domain proceedings. The amount is refundable, less attorney fees, should the City decide to withdrawal from the eminent domain proceedings. On July 6, 2006, an additional Nine Hundred and Ninety Thousand (\$990,000) was deposited with the Treasurer of the County of Orange which was also refundable. Other Deposits at June 30, 2008 totaled \$10,679.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(Continued)

(5) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2008 was as follows:

	Balance at June 30,2007	Additions	Deletions	Balance at June 30,2008
Governmental activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$3,050,000		•	3,050,000
Total capital assets				
not being depreciated	3,050,000	-		3,050,000
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Furniture and equipment	151,899	21,801	6 <u>2</u> 6	173,700
Leasehold improvements	692,888			692,888
Infrastructure	6,093,903	827,680		6,921,583
Total capital assets being depreciated	6,938,690	849,481		7,788,171
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Furniture and equipment	(123,945)	(21,720)	(2)	(145,665)
Leasehold improvements	(417,759)	(78,608)	(<u>4</u>)	(496,367)
Infrastructure	(795,730)	(346,079)		(1,141,809)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,337,434)	(446,407)		(1,783,841)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net Total capital assets, net of	5,601,256	403,074		6,004,330
accumulated depreciation	\$8,651,256	403,074		9,054,330

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

General government

\$446,407

There were no significant construction commitments at June 30, 2008

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(Continued)

(6) Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2008 were as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2007	Additions	Reductions	Balance at June 30, 2008	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Claims payable Compensated absences	\$ - 124,213	- 70,298	- (51,293)	- 143,218	- 25,171
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$124,213</u>	70,298	(51,293)	143,218	25,171

(7) Other Required Disclosures

The following funds had excess of expenditures over appropriations as of June 30, 2008:

	Budget	Actual	Variance (<u>Unfavorable</u>)
Gas Tax Fund	\$414,594	501,979	(87,385)
Measure M Fund	120,000	570,164	(453,803)
Traffic Congestion Relief Fund	113,398	165,521	(52,153)
Senior Mobility Fund	200,000	239,993	(39,993)
Seatbelt Safety Enforcement Fund	-	2,936	(2,936)
Community Development Block Grant		7-7-	(2,>50)
Fund	200,000	224,878	(24,878)
Air Quality Improvement Fund	-	14,610	(14,610)
Grants Fund	45,165	113,552	(68,387)
Urban Area Security Initiative Fund	=	15,114	(15,114)
The following funds had deficit fund bal	ances as of June	e 30, 2008:	
Measure M Special Revenue Fund			\$255,978
California Law Enforcement Equipment			
Program Special Revenue Fund			16,743
Traffic Mitigation Fees Special Revenue	Fund		42,447
Urban Area Security Initiative Special R		15,529	
Arterial Highway Rehabilitation Special	15,072		
Community Development Block Grant F	rogram		155 CO#500 100 100
Special Revenue Fund	12,430		
Seatbelt Safety Enforcement Program Sp	pecial Revenue		ana ana material di Properti di Antara di Ant
Fund			1,223

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(Continued)

(8) Insurance Policies

The City is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (Authority). The Authority is composed of 109 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code Section 6500, et. seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group-purchased insurance for property and other coverages. The Authority's pool began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has a representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a 9-member Executive Committee.

General Liability

Each member government pays a primary deposit to cover estimated losses for a fiscal year (claims year). Six months after the close of a fiscal year, outstanding claims are valued. A retrospective deposit computation is then made for each open claims year. Costs are spread to members as follows: the first \$30,000 of each occurrence is charged directly to the City; costs from \$30,001 to \$750,000 are pooled based on a member's share of costs under \$30,000; costs from \$750,001 to \$5,000,000 are pooled based on payroll. Costs of covered claims above \$5,000,000 are currently paid by reinsurance. The protection for the City is \$50,000,000 per occurrence and \$50,000,000 annual aggregate.

Workers Compensation

The City also participated in the workers compensation pool administered by the Authority. Pool deposits and retrospective adjustments are valued in a manner similar to the General Liability pool. The City is charged for the first \$50,000 of each claim. Costs are pooled above that level to \$50,000. Costs from \$50,001 to \$100,000 per claim are pooled based on the City's losses under its retention level. Costs between \$100,001 and \$2,000,000 per claim are pooled based on payroll. Costs between \$2,000,000 and \$10,000,000 are paid by excess insurance purchased by the Authority. Costs in excess of \$10,000,000 are pooled by the members based on payroll.

Since incorporation on March 24, 1999, the City's liability for claims payable, if any, did not significantly exceed its deposit with CJPIA. In addition, since incorporation, claim payments have not exceeded the amount of applicable insurance coverage for the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage from coverage in the prior year. There were no claims payable at June 30, 2008.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(Continued)

(9) Joint Venture

Orange County Fire Authority

In 1999, the City of Laguna Woods entered into a joint powers agreement with the Cities of Buena Park, Cypress, Dana Point, Irvine, Laguna Hills, Laguna Niguel, Lake Forest, La Palma, Los Alamitos, Aliso Viejo, Rancho Santa Margarita, Mission Viejo, Placentia. San Clemente, San Juan Capistrano, Seal Beach, Stanton, Tustin, Villa Park, Westminster and Yorba Linda and the County of Orange to create the Orange County Fire Authority (Authority). The purpose of the Authority is to provide for mutual fire protection. prevention and suppression services and related and incidental services including, but not limited to, emergency medical and transport services, as well as providing facilities and personnel for such services. The effective date of formation was March 1, 1995. The Authority's governing board consists of one representative from each City and two from the County. The operations of the Authority are funded with fire fees collected by the County through the property tax roll for the unincorporated area and on behalf of all member Cities except for the Cities of Stanton, Tustin, San Clemente, Buena Park, Placentia and Seal Beach. The County pays all structural fire fees it collects to the Authority. The Cities of Stanton, Tustin, San Clemente, Buena Park, Placentia and Seal Beach are considered "cash contract Cities" and accordingly make cash contributions based on the Authority's annual budget. The City of Laguna Woods does not have an equity interest in the assets of the Orange County Fire Authority.

Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Orange County Fire authority, 180 S. Water Street, Orange, California, 92866.

(10) Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The City contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the cost-sharing plans that are administered by PERS. Copies of PERS' annual financial report may be obtained by writing to 400 "P" Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

(Continued)

(10) Defined Benefit Pension Plan, (Continued)

Contributions

Participants are required to contribute 7% of their annual covered salary. The City makes the contributions required of City employees on their behalf and for their account. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and city contract with employee bargaining groups.

For each of the fiscal years shown below, the City has contributed at the actuarially determined rate provided by PERS' actuaries. Under GASB 27, an employer reports an annual pension cost (APC) equal to the annual required contribution (ARC) plus an adjustment for the cumulative difference between the APC and the employer's actual plan contributions for the year. The cumulative difference is called the net pension obligation (NPO). The ARC for the period July 1, 2007 to June 30, 2008 has been determined by an actuarial valuation of the plan as of June 30, 2005. The City's covered payroll for PERS was \$687,827 for the year ended June 30, 2008, while the City's total payroll for all employees was \$746,394 during the same period. In order to calculate the dollar value of the ARC for inclusion in financial statements prepared as of June 30, 2008, the contribution rate is multiplied by the payroll of covered employees that were paid during the period from July 1, 2007 to June 30, 2008.

Three-Year Trend Information

Annual Pension Cost

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Employer Contribution <u>Rate</u>	Employer Contribution	Percentage Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
6/30/06	11.672%	118,822	100%	-0-
6/30/07	13.105%	112,188	100%	-0-
6/30/08	13.624%	128,655	100%	-0-

(11) Reserves and Designation of Fund Balance

Reserves and designations segregate portions of fund balance that are not available expendable resources. General Fund reserves for deposits and contingent liabilities totaled \$3,660,679 and \$500,000, respectively, as of June 30, 2008. General Fund designations for various capital projects totaled \$299,374 as of June 30, 2008.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. The General Fund accounts for activities and services traditionally associated with governments such as police, which are financed primarily through tax-generated revenues and not required to be accounted for in another fund.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for a particular purpose. The following funds have been classified as major funds. The budget-actual comparison for these funds have been presented in the accompanying financial statements as Required Supplementary Information:

Gas Tax Fund

The Gas Tax fund is used to account for the City's share of the motor vehicle gas tax imposed under the provisions of the Street and Highway Code of the State of California under Sections 2105, 2106, 2107 and 2107.5 which are legally restricted for the acquisition, construction, improvement and maintenance of public streets.

Measure M Fund

The Measure M fund is used to account for the operations of the street and maintenance projects of the public works department. Financing is provided by the City's share of County Measure M funds.

General Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts				Variances with Final Budget	
		Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative	
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	681,885	681,885	777,590	95,705	
Intergovernmental		2,941,671	2,941,671	2,665,189	(276,482)	
Franchise fees		377,366	387,366	393,239	5,873	
Licenses and permits		250,000	250,000	368,440	118,440	
Charges for services		37,310	37,310	40,890	3,580	
Fines and forfeitures		395,200	321,520	287,923	(33,597)	
Investment income		399,104	399,104	432,986	33,882	
Miscellaneous	7	7,976	7,976	6,727	(1,249)	
Total revenues	Ø 	5,090,512	5,026,832	4,972,984	(53,848)	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		1,196,853	1,211,853	1,363,726	(151,873)	
Public safety		1,444,172	1,486,917	1,455,886	31,031	
Public works		370,161	370,161	445,621	(75,460)	
Community development		613,103	831,766	592,359	239,407	
Community services		269,600	345,463	210,374	135,089	
Capital outlay	-		-			
Total expenditures		3,893,889	4,246,160	4,067,966	178,194	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	es .	1,196,623	780,672	905,018	124,346	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing		96,948 96,948	96,948 96,948	2,606 (466,949)	(94,342)	
sources (uses)		193,896	193,896	(464,343)	(94,342)	
Net change in fund balance		1,390,519	974,568	440,675	(533,893)	
Fund balance, beginning	_	13,978,966	13,978,966	13,978,966		
Fund balance, ending	\$	15,369,485	14,953,534	14,419,641	(533,893)	

Gas Tax Fund

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variances with Final Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:		·				
Taxes	\$ 341,166	341,166	333,805	(7,361)		
Investment income	40,893	40,893	9,687	(31,206)		
Total revenues	382,059	382,059	343,492	(38,567)		
Expenditures:						
Current:	414.504	44.4.504				
Public works	414,594	414,594	501,979	(87,385)		
Total expenditures	414,594	414,594	501,979	(87,385)		
Net change in						
fund balance	(32,535)	(32,535)	(158,487)	(125,952)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers in	12		24,363	24,363		
Operating transfers out	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0 		
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)		9	24,363	24,363		
Excess (Deficiency) of Reve Other Sources over Expend						
and Other Uses	(32,535)	(32,535)	(134,124)	(101,589)		
Fund balance, beginning	801,177	801,177	801,177	<u> </u>		
Fund balance, ending	\$ 768,642	768,642	667,053	(101,589)		

Measure M Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variances with Final Budget	
**	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:			·		
Intergovernmental	\$ 165,066	165,066	559,331	394,265	
Interest income	600	600		(600)	
Total revenues	165,666	165,666	_559,331	393,665	
Expenditures:					
Public works	120,000	120,000	570,164	(450,164)	
Total expenditures	120,000	120,000	570,164	(450,164)	
Net change in fund balance	45,666	45,666	(10,833)	(56,499)	
Fund balance, beginning	(245,145)	(245,145)	(245,145)		
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ (199,479)	(199,479)	(255,978)	(56,499)	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2008

(1) Budgetary Policy

The City Manager shall prepare and submit the proposed annual budget to the City Council for its approval for all governmental funds. City Council reviews the proposed budget during two separate public workshops and two separate regular City Council meetings. The budget is legally enacted by means of a budget resolution passed by the City Council. Upon final adoption, the budget shall be in effect for the ensuing fiscal year.

The level of budgetary control (this is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the fund level. City Council approval is required for any budget revisions that affect total appropriations within each fund.

Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless they are re-appropriated through the formal budget process. Open encumbrances are recorded as reservations of fund balance since the commitments will be paid by subsequent year's budget appropriations. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities of the City.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended in accordance with prescribed procedures throughout the fiscal year. During the year, there were budget modifications and supplemental appropriations amounting to \$49,624, through amendments approved by the City Council.

(2) Other Required Disclosures

The following major special revenue funds had deficit fund balances as of June 30, 2008:

Measure M Special Revenue Fund

\$259,617

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

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NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The following Special Revenue funds have been classified as non-major funds in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>Traffic Congestion Relief Fund</u> – accounts for the receipts from the State of California that augment the annual citywide pavement program.

<u>Federal Transportation Fund</u> – The Federal Transportation fund is used to account for receipts and expenditures from grants received from the State of California Department of Transportation for transportation related projects.

<u>Proposition 1B Fund</u> – accounts for the revenues and expenditures of the Proposition 1 B State bone money restricted to local transportation projects.

<u>Air Quality Improvement Fund</u> – to account for funds received from the South Coast Air Quality Management District for enacting policies to improve air quality.

<u>California Law Enforcement Equipment Program Fund</u> – accounts for receipts and expenditures for the purchase of safety equipment.

<u>Supplemental Law Enforcement Services Fund</u> – accounts for the receipts and expenditures from the State of California's Citizens Option for Public Safety (COPS) program.

Grants Fund - to account for revenues received under Federal, State and local grants.

<u>Exercise Challenge Fund</u> – accounts for receipts from donors and expenditures on a special event that encourages safe and healthy exercise by residents, workers and students in Laguna Woods.

<u>Emergency Management Fund</u> – accounts for receipts from the state and expenditures for the purchase of emergency operations equipment to be used in the event of an earthquake, terrorist attack or other emergency.

<u>Park State Bonds Fund</u> – accounts for receipts from the state and expenditures for the purchase and improvement of parks and open space.

<u>Senior Mobility Fund</u> – accounts for receipts from the Orange County Transportation Authority and expenditures for demand-responsive transportation services for seniors aged 60 and older.

<u>Community Development Block Grant Fund</u> – to account for the receipts and expenditures of the U.S. Housing and Urban Development – Community Development Block Grant Programs.

<u>Traffic Mitigation Fees</u> - The Traffic Mitigation Fees fund is used to account for receipts and expenditures for programs related to traffic mitigation.

<u>Seatbelt Safety Enforcement</u> - The Seatbelt Safety Enforcement fund is used to account for receipts and expenditures for enforcement and awareness programs related to seatbelt safety.

<u>Urban Area Security Initiative</u> - The Urban Area Security Initiative fund is used to account for receipts and expenditures for programs related to anti-terrorism efforts.

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS, (CONTINUED)

 $\underline{\text{E-Waste U-Waste}}$ - The E-Waste U-Waste fund is used to account for receipts and expenditures for enforcement and awareness programs related to E-waste and U-waste.

<u>Arterial Highway Rehabilitation Fund</u> - The Arterial Highway Rehabilitation fund is used to account for receipts and expenditures from the State of California Department of Transportation for street rehabilitation projects.

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Non-Major Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2008

	Co	Traffic ongestion Relief	Federal Transportation	· ·	Air Quality Improvement	CA Law Enforcement Equipment	JAPAN PARALITY
Assets:			70.				
Cash and investments	\$	14,268	22,503	400,000	71,921	99	82,775
Receivables:							
Accounts receivable		50	*	(-	9	(00):	
Interest receivable		-	980	3 = 3		-2770 1 <u></u> 3 1717	
Due from other funds		21,245	(=)	S -	-0	·	
Due from other governments				-	5,939	-	1,347
					,		
Total assets	\$	35,563	22,503	400,000	77,860	-	84,122
							- 01,122
Liabilities and Fund Balances:							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	844	20,527	72	<u>-1</u> 9	(2)	1,178
Accrued liabilities	*	-	-	· -	-		1,176
Deferred revenue		(14)	=	400,000	_	_	_
Due to other funds		37,254	_	-	_	16,743	26
	-						
Total liabilities		38,098	20,527	400,000		16,743	1 170
Jour naomnos	3 <u></u>	30,070	20,327	400,000		10,743	1,178
Fund halanges (deficite):							
Fund balances (deficits): Undesignated, reported in:							
		(2.525)	1.076		77.060	(1 (= 10)	251
Special revenue funds	10-2-	(2,535)	1,976		77,860	(16,743)	82,944
T 10 11 1 41 71		(0.505)					
Total fund balances (deficits		(2,535)	1,976		77,860	(16,743)	82,944
Total liabilities and							
fund balances	<u>\$</u>	35,563	22,503	400,000	77,860		84,122

<u>Grants</u>	Exercise Challenge	Emergency Management	Park State Bonds	Senior Mobility	Community Development Block Grant	Arterial Highway Rehabilitation
91,208	320	1,347	480,613	162,018		-
-	6 7 0	-		457	-	<u></u>
2	-)	27.7	=	(40)	-
≅ 6≤ 55003) = 3	-	200	8		-8
7,630		2,625	-	931	36,318	
98,838		3,972	480,613	163,406	36,318	-
12,986	:=i: :=a	9	45,000	30,411 257	1,163	-
<u> </u>		岩		71,141	-	2
75,515	(*)	-	35,902		47,585	15,072
88,501		-	80,902	101,809	48,748	15,072
10,337	<u> </u>	3,972	399,711	61,597	(12,430)	(15,072)
10,337		3,972	399,711	61,597	(12,430)	(15,072)
98,838	-	3,972	480,613	163,406	36,318	

(Continued)

Non-Major Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet (Continued)

	Traffic Mitigation Fees	Seatbelt Saftey <u>Enforcement</u>	Urban Area Security <u>Initiative</u>	E-Waste U-Waste	Totals
Assets:					 :
Cash and investments	-	, .	. 	8,685	1,335,338
Receivables:					
Accounts receivable	-	(20)	<u>(4)</u> 5	-	507
Interest receivable	Ħ	3 .7 2		-	2
Due from other funds	=			2=3	21,245
Due from other governments	102,290	6,193.00			163,273
		<u> </u>			
Total assets	102,290	6,193.00	=	8,685	1,520,363
Liabilities and Fund Balances:					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	4,934	2,936.00	1=0	_	119,979
Accrued liabilities			721	_	257
Deferred revenue	-	1. 4 1) = (471,141
Due to other funds	139,803	4,480	15,529	n=1	387,883
Total liabilities	144,737	7,416	15,529		070 260
Total Habilities		7,410	15,529		979,260
F11-1 (1-5-4-)					
Fund balances (deficits):					
Undesignated, reported in:	(42.447)	(1.222)	(15 520)	0.605	541 100
Special revenue funds	(42,447)	(1,223)	(15,529)	8,685	541,103
		/1 aaay			
Total fund balances (deficits)	(42,447)	(1,223)	(15,529)	8,685	541,103
Total liabilities and					
fund balances	102,290	\$ 6,193		8,685	1,520,363

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Non-major Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Traffic				CA Law	Supplemental
	Congestion	Federal	Proposition	Air Quality	Enforcement	Law
	Relief	Transportation	<u>1B</u>	<u>Improvement</u>	Equipment	Enforcement
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$ -	-	-	22,131		115,593
Charges for services	-	÷	. 	.=	; = 16	1100
Investment income				1,093		1,680
Total revenues				23,224		117,273
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public safety	4	142	2	-	-	103,190
Public works	165,521	-	=	14,160	1 = 13	-
Community development	·	9 = 5	-	-	(#)	5 <u>=</u> 2
Community service			-		2	-
Total expenditures	165,521		<u> </u>	14,160	-	103,190
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(165,521)		_	9,064		14,083
ever (under) expenditures	(103,521)			3,004	.=.,	14,063
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	-	-	-	-		_
Transfers out	(24,363)		-	-	·	
		: X :	13			
Total other financing sources						
and (uses)	(24,363)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(20)	_
Net change in fund balances	(189,884)	1-	-	9,064	20	14,083
SEED REPORT NOT RESIDENCE ME TOUR SE						
Fund balances (deficit), beginning	100010	17555		55		
of year	187,349	1,976		68,796	(16,743)	68,861
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$ (2,535)	1,976	_	77,860	(16,743)	82,944
,					(.0,7,0)	02,717

<u>Grants</u>	Exercise Challenge	Emergency Management	Park State Bonds	Senior <u>Mobility</u>	Community Development Block Grant	Arterial Highway Rehabilitation	Traffic Mitigation Fees
54,123	-	990	(# 3)	226,143	200,237	312,466	43,433
5,000	-	= 1.	3=61	4	4	_	-
748	<u> </u>	- 47	*	5,413	-	_	70
59,871		990	950		200 227		2
39,871		990		231,556	200,237	312,466	43,433
æ	₹.	778	-	9 4 8		·	
79,866	-	-	-	235,269	<u>.</u>	-	45,135
78	Δ;	<u>~</u>	<u>~</u>		224,878	94	45,155
16,843	¥	<u> </u>		4,724		42	12
96,709	<u> </u>	778		239,993	224,878	(i)	45,135
(36,838)	7.2c	212	2	(8,437)	(24,641)	312,466	(1.700)
NT. 37. 57. 57.				(0,457)	(24,041)	312,400	(1,702)
· ·	(2,606)		466,949		<u>.</u>		-
-	(2,606)	 -	466,949				
(36,838)	(2,606)	212	466,949	(8,437)	(24,641)	312,466	(1,702)
47,175	2,606	3,760	(67,238)	70,034	12,211	(327,538)	(40,745)
10,337		3,972	399,711	61,597	(12,430)	(15,072)	(42,447)

(Continued)

Non-major Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued)

	Seatbelt Safety	Urban Area Security	E-Waste	T-4-1
	Enforcement	Initiative	<u>U-Waste</u>	Totals ·
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	<u>a</u>	*	975,116
Charges for services	5 7 .0	-	35	5,000
Investment income		-		8,934
Total revenues				989,050
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public safety	2,936	15,114	-	122,018
Public works	. €	150	3€3	539,951
Community development	(=)	-	10-6	224,878
Community service		 ,		21,567
Total expenditures	2,936	15,114		908,414
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(2,936)	(15,114)		80,636
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	3 .5 0	5 7 8	-	466,949
Transfers out	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	(26,969)
Total other financing sources				
and (uses)				439,980
Net change in fund balances	(2,936)	(15,114)	2 :	520,616
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year	1,713	(415)	8,685	20,487
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$ (1,223)	(15,529)	8,685	541,103

Traffic Congestion Relief Non-major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2008

	-		Variances with Final Budget
	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ -	=	s -
Investment income	, <u> </u>		
Total revenues			(<u>u</u>
Expenditures:			
Public works	113,398	165,521	(52,123)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	\(\))2	
over (under) expenditures	_(113,398)	(165,521)	52,123
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in	::=	-	_
Transfers out		(24,363)	(24,363)
Total other financing sources			(= 1,000)
and (uses)	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	_(24,363)	(24,363)
Net change in fund balance	(113,398)	(189,884)	(76,486)
Fund balance, beginning	187,349	187,349	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 73,951	(2,535)	(76,486)

Federal Transportation Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2008

	В	udget	Actual	Variances with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$		Q <u>UI 40 - 10 - 1</u>	
Total revenues	-		¥	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public works	1.			
Total expenditures	8 	(4)		
Net change in				
fund balance		1 5 1		-
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers in				
		∜ ⊼ :	- 	· -
Operating transfers out	-		-	-
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	9			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures				
and Other Uses		-	*:	-
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	8	1,976	1,976	
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	1,976	1,976	

Proposition 1B

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2008

	8	Budget	Actual		Variances with Final Budget sitive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$	400,000		*	(400,000)
Investment income	·			_	<u> </u>
Total revenues	-	400,000	*		(400,000)
Expenditures:					
Public works	1	-			<u>+</u>
Total expenditures	9 	<u> </u>			
Net change in fund balance		400,000	Ħ		(400,000)
Fund balance, beginning	76	<u></u>	=======================================	_	
Fund balance, ending	\$	400,000		_	(400,000)

^{*} In accordance with GASB 33, revenues which are measurable but not available are classified as deferred revenue. \$400,000 was received from the State of California, however, as of June 30, 2008, no expenditures have been made.

Air Quality Improvement Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2008

	T)lt	Antonal	Variances with Final Budget
Revenues:		Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental	\$	24,480	22,131	(2.240)
	φ			(2,349)
Investment income	72	1,030	1,093	63
Total revenues		25,510	23,224	(2,286)
	·			
Expenditures:				
Public works		<u> </u>	14,160	(14,160)
Total expenditures		- x	14,160	(14,160)
646 (45 30 de minera) a . ♣ 19 30 (10 de 20 de 20 de 10 30 c.)				(11,100)
Net change in fund balance		25,510	9,064	(16,446)
Fund balance, beginning		68,796	68,796	
Tuna balance, beginning	-	00,770		
Fund balance, ending	\$	94,306	77,860	(16,446)

California Law Enforcement Equipment Program Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Budget	Actual	Variances with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:		•	
Investment income	\$ -		
Total revenues	-		
Expenditures:			
Public works			
Total expenditures	7 <u>45</u>		
Net change in fund balance	-	-	¥ <u>F</u>
Fund balance, beginning	(16,743)	(16,743)	
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ (16,743)	(16,743)	-

Supplemental Law Enforcement Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Budget	Actual	Variances with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 100,000	115,593	15,593
Investment income	3,600	1,680	(1,920)
Total revenues	103,600	117,273	13,673
Expenditures: Public Safety	160,000	103,190	56,810
Total expenditures	160,000	103,190	56,810
Net change in fund balance	(56,400)	14,083	70,483
Fund balance, beginning	68,861	68,861	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 12,461	82,944	70,483

Grants

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2008

			Variances with Final Budget
	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 45,165	54,123	8,958
Investment income		5,748	5,748
Total revenues	45,165	59,871	14,706
Expenditures:			
Public works	45,165	79,866	(34,701)
Community service		16,843	(16,843)
Total expenditures	45,165	96,709	(51,544)
Net change in fund balance	: -	(36,838)	(36,838)
Fund balance, beginning	47,175	47,175	-
Fund balance, ending	\$ 47,175	10,337	(36,838)

Exercise Challenge

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2008

			Variances with Final Budget
	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Total revenues	\$ -	<u>.</u>	
Expenditures: Community service			
Total expenditures			
Net change in fund balance	200 200	-	i s i
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	<u> </u>	(2,606)	(2,606)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,606)	(2,606)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures and Other Uses	æ	(2,606)	(2,606)
Fund balance, beginning	2,606	2,606	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 2,606		(2,606)

Emergency Management Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2008

Davience	Budget	Actual	Variances with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$ 1,321	990	(331)
Total revenues	1,321	990	(331)
Expenditures: Public safety	1,321	778	543
Total expenditures	1,321	778	543
Net change in fund balance	-	212	212
Fund balance, beginning	3,760	3,760	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 3,760	3,972	212

Park State Bonds

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2008

			Variances with Final Budget
	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 195,000		(195,000)
Total revenues	195,000	· <u>·</u> ·	(195,000)
Expenditures:			ŝ
Community services	195,000	-	195,000
Total expenditures	_195,000	\ <u>#</u>	195,000
Net change in fund balance	-	e -	er.
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Operating transfers in	=	466,949	466,949
Operating transfers out	-	·	
Total Other Financing			
Sources (Uses)	-	466,949	466,949
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures			
and Other Uses	=	466,949	466,949
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	(67,238)	(67,238)	
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ (67,238)	399,711	466,949

Senior Mobility

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2008

			Variances with Final Budget
	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 176,697	226,143	49,446
Charges for services	9=	2	2892
Investment income	4,635	5,413	778
Total revenues	181,332	_231,556	50,224
Expenditures:			
Public Works	200,000	235,269	(35,269)
Community services		4,724	(4,724)
Total expenditures	200,000	239,993	(39,993)
Net change in fund balance	(18,668)	(8,437)	10,231
Fund balance, beginning	70,034	70,034	<u> </u>
Fund balance, ending	\$ 51,366	61,597	10,231

Community Development Block Grant Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Budget	Actual	Variances with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 200,000	200,237	237
Total revenues	200,000	200,237	237
Expenditures:			
Community development	200,000	224,878	(24,878)
Total expenditures	200,000	224,878	(24,878)
Net change in fund balance	Œ	(24,641)	(24,641)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	12,211	_12,211	
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ 12,211	(12,430)	(24,641)

CITY OF LAGUNA WOODS Arterial Highway Rehabilitation Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variances with Final Budget	
720	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$ 312,466	312,466	312,466	(
Total revenues	312,466	312,466	312,466	·	
Expenditures: Public works			<u> </u>	5_	
Total expenditures					
Net change in fund balance	312,466	312,466	312,466	-	
Fund balance, beginning	(327,538)	(327,538)	(327,538)		
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ (15,072)	(15,072)	(15,072)		

Traffic Mitigation Fees Fund Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Budget	Actual	Variances with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	1	-	
Intergovernmental	\$ 7,441,000	43,433	(7,397,567)
Total revenues	7,441,000	43,433	(7,397,567)
Expenditures: Public works	7,441,000	45,135	7,395,865
Total expenditures	7,441,000	45,135	7,395,865
Net change in fund balance	1,₩	(1,702)	(1,702)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	(40,745)	(40,745)	
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ (40,745)	(42,447)	(1,702)

Seatbelt Safety Enforcement Fund Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Budget	Actual	Variances with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental			7. 5	
Total revenues	\$ -		2	
Expenditures:				
Public safety		2,936	(2,936)	
Total expenditures		2,936	(2,936)	
Net change in fund balance	æ	(2,936)	(2,936)	
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	1,713	1,713		
Fund balance (deficit), ending	1,713	(1,223)	(2,936)	

Urban Area Security Initiative Fund Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Budget	Actual	Variances with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ -			
Total revenues				
Expenditures:				
Public safety		15,114	(15,114)	
Total expenditures		15,114	(15,114)	
Net change in fund balance	£E	(15,114)	(15,114)	
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	(415)	(415)	<u> 27</u>	
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$ (415)	(15,529)	(15,114)	

E-Waste U-Waste Fund Non-Major Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2008

	В	udget	Actual	Variances with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$		= 0	
Investment income		-		-
Total revenues				
Expenditures:				
Public works	(<u> </u>	
Total expenditures	-	-	a)	
Net change in fund balance		-	5	
Fund balance (deficit), beginning	-	8,685	8,685	
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	8,685	8,685	

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